- Robin Oct. 7, Dauphin Is. (LRT), earliest Gulf Coast.
- Golden-crowned Kinglet 3, Oct. 7, Riverton, Colbert Co. (TAI, JMI), earliest Tennessee Valley.
- White-eyed Vireo 65, Sept. 16, B'ham Fall Count (B.A.S.), maximum fall state.
- Solitary Vireo Sept. 6, Dauphin Is. (LRT), earliest state.
- Philadelphia Vireo Oct. 20, 1 banded Dauphin Is. (MEM); 5--3 banded--, Ft. Morgan (TAI, mob); w/4 prior Oct. 20 records, this is a 6-way tie latest state.
- Irothonotary Warbler 2, Sept. 16, B'ham (HHW), latest Mount. R.

Cape May Warbler - Oct. 22, banded, Dauphin Is. (REH), latest Gulf Coast except Nov. 25, 1960 record.

- Nyrtle W. Oct. 7, 'Riverton, Colbert Co. (TAI, JMI), earliest Tennessee Valley.
- Audubon's Wa. Oct. 20, Ft. Morgan (TAI,AJM), 2nd fall record state.
- La. Waterthrush Sept. 19, Dauphin Is. (LRT,ATM), latest Gulf Coast.
- Canada W. Oct. 7, Riverton (TAI, JMI), latest Tennessee Valley.
- Yellow-headed Blackbird male, Sept. 6, Marion (HHK), 2nd & earlier inlend record; Oct. 13,15,20, Dauphin Is. (G&JS,LRT), latest Gulf Coast.
- Orchard Oriole Sept. 27, Magnolia Springs (PFC), latest state.
- Rusty Blackbird 1, Nov. 20, Atmore (TAI, JVP), earliest Lower Coastal Plain.
- Brewer's Blackbird 1, Nov. 20, Atmore (TAI, JVP), earliest Lower Coastal Plain.
- Scarlet Tanager female banded Oct. 21, Ft. Morgan (TAI, mob), latest Gulf Coast.
- Indigo Bunting 2, Nov. 21, Ft. Morgan (JVP), latest Gulf Coast, except winter records.
- Evening Grosbeak 8, Nov. 18, Cahaba R., South Bibb Co. (HHW, B.A.S., mob), earliest Upper Coastal Plain.
- House Finch Sept. 16, B'ham Airport (GC), 2nd state record.
- Grasshopper Sp. Oct. 8, banded, Dauphin Is. (REH), earliest Gulf Coast.
- Red Crossbill Nov. 29, Adamsville (TAI,ALI), earliest state except 1957 when arrived August.

Clay-colored Sparrow - Sept. 13, Foley (PFC), earliest state.

OBSERVERS--Thomas Z. Atkeson, Lois F. Archer, Birmingham Audubon Society, J. Russell Bailey, Nichael L. Bierly, Greg Carlisle, P. Fairly Chandler, Amy and Vance Furnans, Joe Gardjos, Lyman E. Goodnight, Donald J. Hulsey, Gerald Hooper, John F. Harsh, Ruth Howell, Sharon and Richard E. (Tuck) Hayward, Anthony N. Imhof, John M. Imhof, Thomas A. Imhof, Curtis L. Kingsbery, Helen H. Kittinger, James E. Keeler, Joe Knight, Kenneth T. Knapp, Al D. Miller, Ann L. Miller, A. Joseph Murphy, Alwilda T. Mitchell, Frank McDaniel, Gilbert Melcher, Albert and Mini Nonkes, James V. Peavy, E. N. Frestridge, Robert R. Reid, Geneviene and Jim Spafford, Lib R. Toenes, Harriett H. Wright, Jodie Wetzel, Joe Webb, L. A. Wells, Ronnie W. Lewis, Ted Weems, Joe Zolczynski.

1036 Pike Road, Birmingham, 35218.

Volume 20, Numbers 3,4 ALABAMA BIRDLIFE

SOME OBSERVATIONS ON A NESTING ORCHARD ORIGLE

Early in May I was sure the Orchard Orioles were building in the elm tree just outside my dining room windows because he sat in the tree so much and sang for hours. It wasn't until the 24th of May that I found it, so cleverly had she woven it into the leaves at the end of one of the lowest branches about 25 feet above the ground. On the 3rd of June I saw them feeding the young. Three days later when Harriett Wright came to take poitures, she discovered that one of the four babies was a Brown-headed Cowbird. That was bad enough, but then real tragedy struck. Something happened to the female oriole and I didn't see her any more after the 6th. The male went on "overtime" and continued to feed then, one evening working as late as 8 o'clock. On the 10th I just happened to look up at the nest and saw one of the young sitting on the edge of the nest flapping its wings. I ran upstairs where I could get a closer look, and it was the cowbird. While I stood there and watches, it left the nest in a series of hops and jumps. It would rest for a minute, then flutter away again. The last I sum of it, before it disappeared into the leafy interior of the tree, it was perhaps 8 feet away from the nest. So far as I know. the male oriole never paid it any more attention. He kept coming beck to his own babies every few minutes and continued until the 10th when he brought them out of the nest. He kept them in the y rd for several days and on the 16th I saw him with two of the young ones in the tomate patch. Then I didn't see any of them any more. I hold they took to the woods and are doing well. I know that I will never hear the lovely song of the Orchard Griole without thinking about how faithful that male was to his little formily.

Ruth Horsley, Route 12, Box 648, Birmingham 35215.

THE GREAT (or European) CONLORANT, A NEW BIRD SPECIES FOR ALABALA

The Great Cormorant, <u>Phalacrocorax carbo</u>, like the Cattle Egret is a widely distributed <u>Cld World species</u> that appears to be establishing itself successfully in the Americas. In Eurasia, this cormorant occurs, breeding as far south as South Africa and Australia. In America it breeds from Greenland to Nova Scotia, and in the last 40 years has extended its winter range south along the Atlantic coast from Long Island to Florida. Within the last 5 or so years it has occurred twice at St. Mark's Refuge, Florida.

On Oct. 29 & 31, 1972, an immature was seen at Gulf Breeze near Pensacola by Robert and Luch Duncan, and Ted, Amy and Vance Furnans. Another immature, probably the same bird, was seen about 20 miles to the west at Alabama Point on Nov. 21 by T.A. Imhof and James V. Peavy. This latter bird was observed at leisure for 15 or more minutes about 2:00 P.M. while it sat on a ten-foot high buoy-like structure near the rock jetties at the east side of the mouth of Ferdido Bay. It was much bigger than any of the 180-odd Doublecrested Cormorants we had seen earlier that day, however, no other

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cormorants were in sight at the time and direct comparison was not possible. The side of its larger head was pale yellowish brown, its throat white, breast brown, and <u>belly white to beyond the legs</u>. It showed none of the orange pouch or dark belly of the numerous immature Bouble-crested Cormorants seen that day.

Our observations were to the southeast with the sun to the westsouthwest as we used 30X Bausch & Lomb telescopes. Imhof has seen the bird many years ago in Europe, Peavy never; the Duncans had seen it on the Bay of Fundy this year. We are happy to document this latest advance.

Thomas A. Inhof, 1036 Pike Road, Birmingham 35218. James V. Peavy, 2630 Cahaba Road, Birmingham 35223.

FINUTES OF THE BUSINESS MEETING OF THE ALABAMA CRNIPHOLOGICAL SOCIETY January 27, 1973

The mid-year meeting of the Alabama Ornithological Society was held January 26-28, 1973 at Guntersville, Alabama. The Val Donte Notel served as headquarters. A business meeting of the members was held in the Club Noos of the Val Donte Restaurant January 27, 1973 immediately following a bufflet dinner at 6:30 D.M. Nike Bierly presided.

The following items of business were brought before the membership: 1. Nominiting Committee Regert. Malen Mittinger read the slate of officers recommended by the Nominiting Committee. Recommended were: President: Michael Lee Bierly, Vice-President: Dr. Arthur Garrett, Jr., Treasurer: Ers. Charles J. Hayhew. A motion to accept the slate of officers recommended in the Nominating Committee Meport was made by Guaste Arnett and seconded by Largarette Persons. The motion was passed unanimously.

2. Treasurer's Report. Mary Mayhew gave the financial report... Failing of annual dues notices was discussed. Naomi Banks volunteered to send out notices along with ALABAMA BIRDAIFM if this is feasible.

3. East Lake Resolution. The President, Mike Bierly, described the value of East Lake as a natural resource, and the nood to protect it during changes, repairs, and encroachment on East Lake Park. A resolution...to the Birmingham Park and Recreation Board calling for such protection was read by Gussie Arnett. Helen Kittinger moved that the Ala. Ornithological Society adopt the resolution as read. Her motion was seconded by Margarette Fersons and passed unanimously.

4. Encroachment on Wheeler Wildlife Refuge. Tom Atkeson reported on the status of the proposed access road to the Interstate Highway. Two of the proposed routes for the road would adversely affect the Refuge. So far as is known, the final decision has not been made. Therefore no action was taken by A.O.S.

No further business was taken up. The President introduced James V. (Buz) Peavy who gave an excellent slide presentation on Big Bend National Park.

Bird Field Report Guntersville State Meeting January 26-28, 1973 Nichael Lee Bierly, compiler

Eighty species of birds were totaled in Guntersville and environs from noon Friday, January 26 through noon Sunday, January 28, 1973, by about 20 participants of the AOS mid-year meeting. Field parties covered Lake Guntersville State Tark (formerly Little Kountain State Park), North Sauty and Crow Creek Refuges (Jackson County) and Lower Guntersville Lake. The refuges were covered only on the 27th, but all other sites were birded on all meeting dates.

Significant were 925 Ruddy Lucks (900) at North Sauty defuge and 25 at the Ala. 69 Causeway) on the 27th, believed to be a state maximum. A state park ranager reported that he thought that there was an eagle wintering in a closed camping area and a check on the 26th revealed an immature Bald. A more mature Bald was seen there on the 27th.

The following is a species listing of birds seen with individual numbers noted where possible. Numbers represent highest total on any one day, not a combination of days.

Common Loon 6, Horned Grebe 14, Fiea-billed Grebe 17, Great Blue Heron 5, Common Egret 1, Canada Goose 160, Mallard 210, Black Duck 145, Gadwall 50, Green-winged Teal 4, American Widgeon 4, Shoveler 7, Wood Duck 1, Redhead 6, Ring-necked Duck 37, Canvasback 112 (flock of 100), Lesser Scaup 425, Common Goldeneye 26, Bufflehead 2, Ruddy Duck 925, Hooded Merganser 4, Rcd-breasted Merganser 3 (2 males), Red-tailed Hawk 4, Red-shouldered Hawk 1, Bald Eagle 2(i), Marsh Hawk 1, Sparrow Hawk 5, Bobwhite, American Coot 1000 (probably many more, species everywhere), Killdeer 10, Herring Gull 5, Ring-billed Gull 70, Bonaparte's Gull 33 (flock probably wintering as 30 at same place Dec. 15, 1972).

Rock Dove, Nourning Dove, Barred Owl 1, Belted Kingfisher 3, Yellow-shafted Flicker, Pileated Woodpecker, Red-bellied Woodpecker, Red-heaued Woodpecker 1, Yellow-bellied Sapsucker, Downy Woodpecker, Blue Jay, Common Crow, Carolina Chickadee, Tufted Titmouse, White-breasted Nuthatch 2, (species Red-breasted Nuthatch seen on top mountain in park on Jan. 23, but area inaccesible during meeting), Brown-headed Nuthatch 15, Brown Creeper 1, Carolina Wren, Mockingbird, Brown Thrasher 4, Robin, Hermit Thrush 1. Eastern Bluebird 10, Golden-crowned Kinglet 11, Rubycrowned Kinglet 2, Cedar Waxwing 30, Loggerhead Shrike, Starling.

Hyrtle Warbler 2, Pine Warbler 6, House Sparrow, Eastern Meadowlark, Red-winged Blackbird, Common Grackle, Brown-headed Cowbird, Cardinal, Evening Grosbeak 4 (Mr. Young of Albertville reported 30-50 regularly at his feeder, first arriving, 12 birds, Dec. 25, 1972), Purple Finch 2, American Goldfinch, Rufous-sided Towhee, Slate-colored Junco, Field Sparrow, White-crowned Sparrow 2, White-throated Sparrow, Fox Sparrow 1, Swamp Sparrow, Song Sparrow.

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